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THE BOER ADVANCE INTO NATAL DESCRIBED BY THE JOURNAL'S COMMISSIONER WITH THE TROOPS.

The British Have Evacuated Newcastle and Fallen Back on Dundee—The Boers Marched Into the Town, Hoisted Their Flag, Left a Garrison and Are Now Moving on Ladysmith.

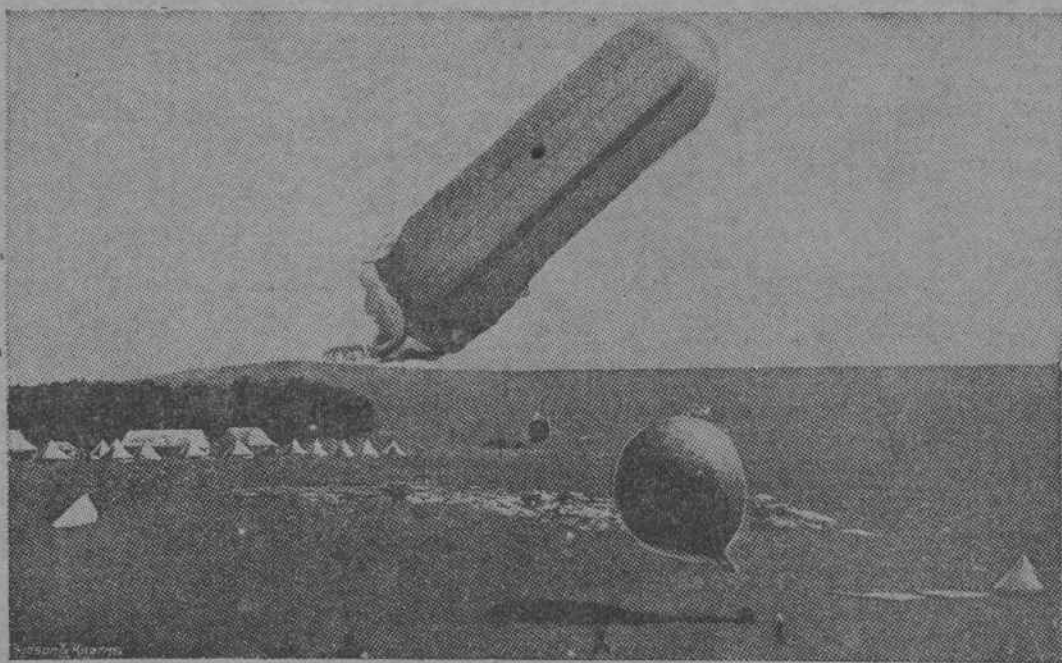
Dundee Will Yield to the Boers to-day.

British Will Fall Back Upon Ladysmith.

One Big Battle to Decide the Fate of Natal.

Boers Are Advancing to Engage the Enemy.

5,000 Kaffirs Are with the Boer Army.



The Up-to-Date War Balloon to Be Used to Watch the Boers.

The latest device in aerial war engines, in charge of a balloon section of the Royal Engineers, left England with General Sir Redvers Buller, who will command the British forces in South Africa. It is to be used for observation and will be equipped with a Marconi receiver. Probably a small captive balloon will be used as a tender for the large balloon. Interesting experiments were recently made at Aldershot with the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy applied to war balloons.

By the Journal's Special Commission with the British Forces in Natal.

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DUNDEE, Natal, Oct. 15.—1 P. M.—I came here from Newcastle on Friday night by the last train leaving that town, from which most of the inhabitants have already fled.

Early in the morning two Kaffir scouts came in and reported seeing a large body of Boers at Spiskop, making into Natal. Later it was ascertained that the enemy was only a strong reconnoitring party.

But the information caused much anxiety among the inhabitants remaining and Inspector Pelley and Railway Superintendent Littlejohn telegraphed to headquarters. They received orders to evacuate.

The Post Office and railway station were closed quickly, while the inhabitants assembled and boarded the trains.

Crowds of natives begged to be taken along. Many were accommodated.

Just as the train was about to leave the Kaffir scouts reported the Boers behind Signal Hill, four miles away. Three white men and their families decided to remain in Newcastle. These were Magistrate Jackson, Police Superintendent McDonald and Station Master Sims, all of whom are on friendly terms with the Dutch.

Sims telegraphed me after the train left that two Boers had entered the town and informed the people that all will be well treated, and that there is nothing to fear.

A few hours later 300 Boers, under Commandant Viljoen, entered the town. The commandant said he intended to pay for everything in Government vouchers.

The main body of the Boers did not enter Newcastle that night, but camped on Signal Hill until the advance party reported the

strength of the position and ascertained that the way was clear.

A large number of Germans and Hollanders are reported to be in the commando.

While this force was occupying Newcastle a line of wagons several miles long was observed to the eastward, passing along the Transvaal side of the Buffalo River. It camped last night at a farm near Buffalo Bridge, fifteen miles from Newcastle.

Five thousand Kaffirs, in charge of two Europeans, marching from Johannesburg, arrived at Newcastle yesterday morning and stopped outside the town. The Boers and the inhabitants sent them food and supplies, and after a short rest the huge procession resumed its march, passing outside the town.

The main body of the Boers, 15,000 men, left Newcastle to-day, marching south along the railway line, intending to proceed to Danu-hauser, which is only ten miles north of Glencoe and fifteen miles from Dundee.

Other commands are also moving down both side of the Natal border, threatening to enclose Dundee and Ladysmith.

Apparently the Boer forces are marching in three columns. Viljoen commands the centre and has the artillery. Colonel Schiel, formerly of the German army and with a German contingent, accompanies him.

A strong force was left to occupy and hold Newcastle, and the flag of the South African Republic is now floating over Newcastle Town Hall.

The attack on Dundee is expected on Monday or Tuesday.

The Boers will have no difficulty in capturing the town, and we will retreat to Ladysmith, where the British will make their stand.

BOERS BESIEGING KIMBERLEY TO CAPTURE CECIL RHODES.

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CAPE TOWN, Oct. 15.—The Boers have cut the telegraph wire between Kimberley and Modder River.

Kimberley is isolated and railroad communication also is stopped.

Cecil Rhodes is there with a force strong enough to resist an attack, but much anxiety is felt for the fate of Colonel Baden-Powell and his 600 men at Mafeking.

The last reports from Kimberley and Vryburg were received from scouts sent northward. They report heavy fighting around Mafeking. The Boers have brought up fresh artillery.

A movement has been started here to raise 10,000 volunteers for Baden-Powell's immediate relief.

The Boers are massing around Kimberley determined to capture Cecil Rhodes. They have cut the railway in several places, one within twelve miles of the town.

The British outpost at Modder Bridge probably will be attacked first.

The last news from Kimberley before the wires were cut reported Rhodes in excellent health and spirits, cheering the men on. He in-

tends to raise a mounted corps of 400 men to join in the fighting.

Kimberley has an available defensive force of 4,000 men. All the women and children in the outlying region have come into the town.

The Boer forces along the border appear to be moving south.

A train loaded with 1,000 bags of meal consigned to the Transvaal Government was turned back from Vryburg and succeeded in returning to Kimberley. This gives food to withstand a siege.

(By Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 16.—The Daily Mail's Cape Town correspondent, telegraphing Sunday evening, says:

"Kimberley is besieged, and the Boers are massing in force. No details, however, are obtainable.

"The Boers have cut the railway at Belmont, have seized the Spyfontein railway station and constructed fortified earthworks. There are strong defending forces at Modder Bridge and the Orange River Bridge.

"The object of these energetic operations is believed to be the capture of Cecil Rhodes. Kimberley is now isolated, both railway and telegraphic communication being cut."

Cape Town, Oct. 15.—The Modder River Bridge station master reports that firing has been heard in the direction of Kimberley, and the station master at Belmont telegraphs that a force of Boers is advancing southward.

Cape Town, Oct. 14 (delayed in transmission).—Five hundred Boer troops occupy with cannon Bordenburg, northward of Fourteen Streams, where they are awaiting orders to destroy the line or attack Fourteen Streams.

The railway telegraph officials have abandoned Maribogo. The nearest British point of communication to Mafeking, therefore, is understood to be Enslin, sixty miles away.

While it is the general belief that the Boers are attacking Mafeking, there is still no confirmation of the reports. If the Boers had met with any success it would surely have been announced, as the only telegraph communication is in the hands of the burghers. The absence of news, therefore, is regarded as a good sign.

Continued on Second Page.

ROBERTS AFRAID TO SHOW HIS HEAD AT MORMON PROSELYTERS' MEETING.



J. WHITAKER

Apostle Brigham Young, a Son of the Great Polygamist, Appears at a Service of the "Saints" in Brooklyn.

References Made to "Persecution," but Not to the Movement to Keep Three-Wived Roberts Out of Congress.



Well Dressed Women Attend a Mormon Service in Brooklyn. Two sons of the great Brigham Young were present at the communion in the Amphion Theatre, but Roberts stayed away.

VENEZUELAN RISE AGAINST ANDRADE.

Revolutionary Army Will March Triumphant Into Caracas.

Caracas, Venezuela, Oct. 15.—Advice from Potare, ten miles from Caracas, say the people have risen against President Andrade and a crisis is imminent here.

The commander of the Government forces has betrayed the President and will allow the revolutionary army to march upon Caracas without a battle.

President Andrade will probably be forced to retire, re-establishing his government at Maracaibo or Puerto Cabello.

Tacunas has been taken by the revolutionary forces.

SIR HENRY IRVING OFF FOR AMERICA.

The Noted Actor Glad to Bring "Robespierre" to New York—Full Company Coming.

London, Oct. 15.—Despite their earlier intention to take a faster ship, Sir Henry Irving and Miss Ellen Terry, with their full company, sailed for the United States this morning on the Atlantic Transport Line steamer Marquette, which is due to arrive in New York on October 25 or 26.

A large number of professional and personal friends accompanied the actors from the Albert Dock to Gravesend, and a farewell breakfast was held on the ship. Among those present were Messrs. Conyns Carr, Tadema and Robert Taber, Miss Alma Tadema and Vice-President Williams and drama and Vice-President Williams and Messrs. Torrey and Field, of the Atlantic Transport Company.

Speaking of his intentions and hopes, Sir Henry said: "While this is our fifth American tour, I feel that we have never gone to the United States under more auspicious circumstances. In the first place, the cordiality between the two nations was never greater than it is at present, and, while my personal relations with American actors have always been of the most delightful character, it is pleasant to feel that the two nations now recognize the ties of kinship as never before."

"I believe that 'Robespierre,' with which we will open at the Knickerbocker, will justify my faith in transporting such an elaborate production. I wanted to give my American friends something entirely new, and I had them much in mind while selecting the piece. Then, too, it is always an inspiration to play to American audiences, and Miss Terry and myself really look upon our tour as a means of brightening up our own faculties as well as of entertaining our American friends."

REVOLT IN MANILA CHECKED BY GUNS.

Natives Plan an Outbreak, but Authorities Are Forewarned.

Manila, Oct. 15.—The authorities were informed yesterday from reliable sources that an outbreak in the poorer districts of Manila had been planned for daylight on Sunday.

It failed to occur, probably on account of the vigorous measures enforced. Many natives of the Tondo district left, taking their valuables. All the small shops, which the guards usually forced to close at 8:30 p. m., were shut at sunset. A general feeling of uneasiness was apparent.

The guards of the city were doubled, and a strong force stationed at the slaughterhouse, the centre of an unruly section. Two guns of the Sixth Artillery were stationed near by at a point commanding the native quarter.

The commanders of the reserve troops were ordered to be prepared for a call at daylight.

Three native policemen have been arrested on a charge of plotting an uprising. The fact that their comrades informed the authorities of their treachery indicates that the police force is loyal.

ADMIRAL DEWEY LEAVES BOSTON FOR WASHINGTON.

Followed by Cheers of Ten Thousand Persons, He Starts—His Day a Quiet One.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 15.—Followed by the cheers of 10,000 persons, Admiral Dewey departed from Boston at 7 o'clock this evening for Washington. His departure brought to a close two days of wild enthusiasm, visibly expressed in receptions and parades.

The Admiral spent a very quiet day, being extremely tired, but received several naval officers and other friends. Governor Rollins, of New Hampshire, was one of these. Later, accompanied by Lieutenant Brumby, the Admiral walked to the Somerset Club, where he was the guest at lunch of E. Rollins Morse. The Admiral remained in his apartments nearly all of the afternoon, his son being with him.

American Woman Robbed in Berlin.

Berlin, Oct. 15.—A Philadelphia woman named Caldwell, residing here, was attacked in her residence by a robber, who took her with his fist, then took her money and valuables and escaped.

THE polygamist Congressman-elect Brigham H. Roberts was not present yesterday afternoon in the Amphion Theatre, Williamsburg, where the Latter-day Saints held a special communion service. He was expected, however, and on the occasion of each arrival the saints of both sexes craned their necks eagerly in the hope that the newsmen might be the now famous apostle. But though he is in the city, Mr. Roberts did not gladden his brethren with his presence.

There was compensation, however, in the bodily presence of two of the sons of the great Brigham Young. These were Brigham Young, the apostle, who is an old man, and Captain Willard Young, who enlisted in the Spanish war and served his country with credit. It was announced before the service began that in the absence of Congressman Roberts the principal address of the afternoon would be made by Apostle Young, but for some unexplained reason the apostle did not speak at all, resigning the honor to Elder John M. Whitaker, who delivered an impassioned oration on the articles of the Mormon faith.

A Pleasant Congregation. The faces of all the saints were wreathed in happy smiles, and, while waiting for church to begin, they conversed easily in low tones. Thus the preliminaries more nearly resembled a social gathering than a religious function.

Chairman Garrett announced that the service would be begun by a solo by Professor R. G. Easton. Professor Easton sang "Oh, My Father, Thou That Dwellest in the Wide and Lonely Space." In a strident, high baritone, after which Counselor Snow arose and offered the following prayer: "O our Father who art in heaven, we ask that Thou wilt be our instructor and leader in the path of life, the plan of salvation; that the Holy Spirit may be with us; that in honesty of heart we may draw nearer to Thee day by day, and be redeemed in Thy celestial kingdom. Amen." The prayer was nearly as impressive as the prayer of the apostle and the elders of the church. Bless the Executive of the nation and grant that he may work for the good of the nation. Take charge of all things, that our speakers may speak the words of truth to Thy glory. Amen."

The "amen" was heartily repeated by all the saints in unison, and then Professor Easton sang "Then We Brought Unto Him Little Children."

The Communion Service.

As soon as he had finished, Chairman Garrett said: "We will now celebrate the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. We are close communicants, and therefore only those who are Latter-day Saints can participate."

Two rail young men, dark and handsome, advanced to the communion table and uncovered the sacrament. They were Elders Johnson and Smith. They proceeded to break bread into two silver platters, which they held aloft, and said: "Let us unite in asking a blessing on the bread. O Lord, sanctify this bread to all who partake of it, that they may always remember and keep His sacraments."

At the conclusion of the communion service Professor Easton sang "Tarry with